

3.—Bank of Canada Note Liabilities, as at Dec. 31, 1963-67

Denomination	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Bank of Canada Notes—					
\$1.....	94,853	97,742	103,115	109,846	129,473
\$2.....	66,670	68,768	73,328	78,874	84,513
\$5.....	167,743	172,752	183,057	196,893	209,392
\$10.....	558,688	574,516	608,351	668,153	692,823
\$20.....	811,119	841,002	904,872	983,765	1,110,604
\$25.....	46	46	46	46	46
\$50.....	158,277	163,419	173,580	188,131	203,239
\$100.....	415,563	429,093	453,687	471,550	508,068
\$500.....	37	34	33	33	33
\$1,000.....	18,603	20,181	22,597	23,377	27,805
Totals.....	2,291,600	2,367,553	2,522,666	2,720,668	2,965,996
Note issues in process of retirement ¹	13,044	13,006	12,984	12,966	12,944
Totals, Bank of Canada Note Liabilities...	2,304,644	2,380,559	2,535,650	2,733,634	2,978,940
Held by—					
Chartered banks.....	418,405	355,086	382,703	438,090	484,566
Others.....	1,886,239	2,025,473	2,152,947	2,295,544	2,494,374

¹ Includes, in 1967, chartered banks' notes \$8,191,000, Dominion of Canada notes \$4,636,000, provincial notes \$28,000 and defunct banks' notes \$88,000; those amounts have changed little in recent years.

4.—Note Circulation in the Hands of the Public, as at Dec. 31, 1958-67

As at Dec. 31—	Bank of Canada Notes ¹	Per Capita	As at Dec. 31—	Bank of Canada Notes ¹	Per Capita
	\$	\$		\$	\$
1958.....	1,659,870,299	97.18	1963.....	1,886,238,792	99.82
1959.....	1,704,822,198	97.51	1964.....	2,025,473,300	105.30
1960.....	1,731,902,386	96.92	1965.....	2,152,947,110	110.01
1961.....	1,800,190,122	98.70	1966.....	2,295,543,656	115.24
1962.....	1,816,977,132	97.84	1967.....	2,978,939,617	146.00

¹ Total issue less notes held by chartered banks.

Coinage.*—Under an amendment to the Currency, Mint and Exchange Fund Act (RSC 1952, c. 315), which was submitted to Parliament in 1967, gold coins may be issued in the denomination of twenty dollars (nine tenths fine or millesimal fineness 900); subsidiary coins in denominations of one dollar, 50 cents, 25 cents, 10 cents (five tenths fine or millesimal fineness 500, or pure nickel); pure nickel five-cent coins; and bronze (copper, tin and zinc) one-cent coins. Provision is made for the temporary alteration of composition in the event of a shortage of prescribed metals. A tender of payment of money in coins is a legal tender in the case of gold coins issued under the authority of Sect. 4 of the Currency, Mint and Exchange Fund Act for the payment of any amount; in the case of silver coins for the payment of an amount up to \$10; nickel coins for payment up to \$5; and bronze coins up to 25 cents.

* Revised by the Master of the Royal Canadian Mint, Ottawa.